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Gaming, HCI – January 06, 2020

# Assessment of VR Game-based Outcomes: A Case Study

This work was completed at HCCG Lab, Dept. of Information Technology, NITK Surathkal, under the guidance of Prof. G Ram Mohana Reddy

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# Agenda

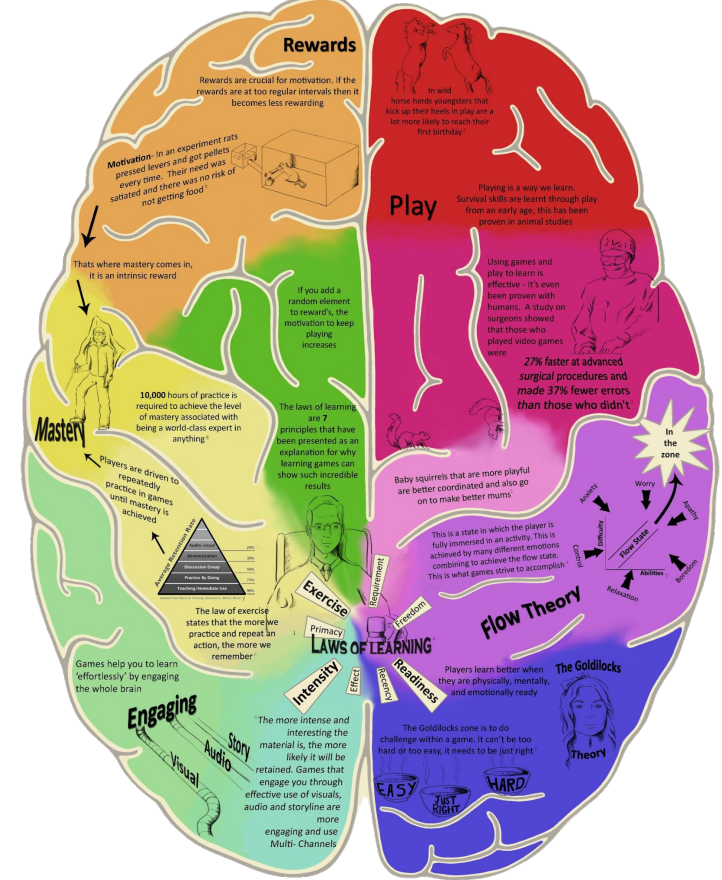




M Prensky. *The Games Generations: How Learners Have Changed*. Digital game-based learning, vol. 1. 2001.

# Games as Learning Processes

- ❖ Human brain decodes the working of the system through **experimentation!**
- ❖ Hands-on, active learning
- ❖ **Game-based learning**
- ❖ Reward (reinforcement) learning

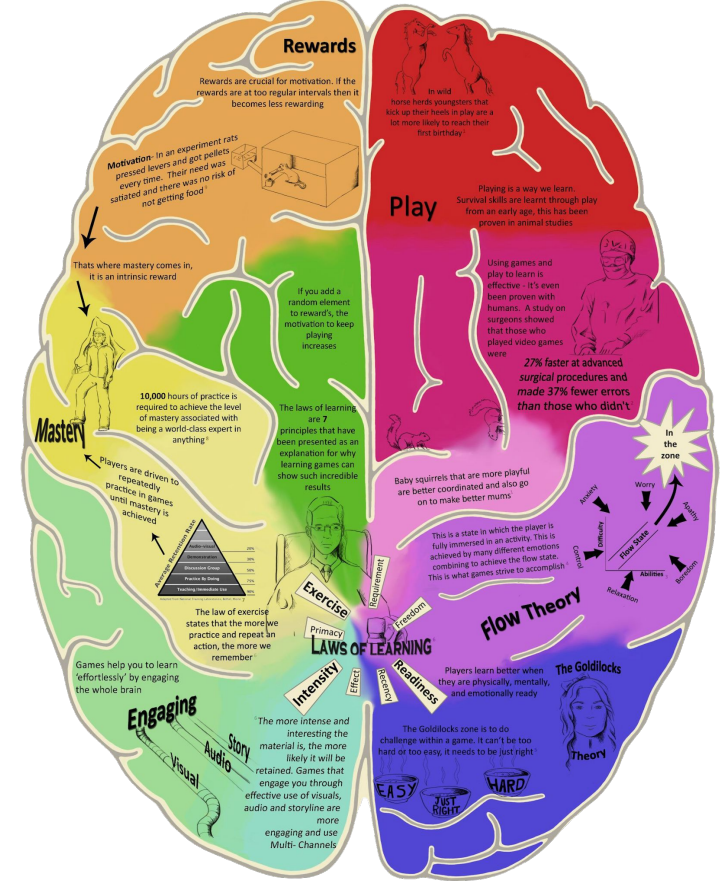




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  - ❖ Reward (reinforcement) learning
- ❖ **Game-based learning:** autonomy and independence in decision-making
  - ❖ **Increment of brain matter:** bilateral cerebellum, hippocampal formation, ...
  - ❖ Working memory, motor performance, and strategic thinking

**Take:** All kinds of games can be viewed as learning processes



# Agenda

1

Game Designing  
and Assessment

2

Game Designing  
Frameworks

3

Game Assessment  
Frameworks

4

Mobile-VR Case  
Study: Highlights

5

Conclusions and  
Future Directions



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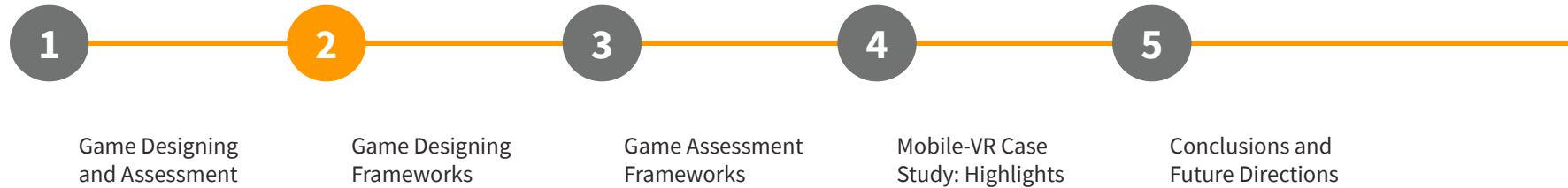
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**Assessment over designing:** Assessment of game-based outcomes is could be very crucial.

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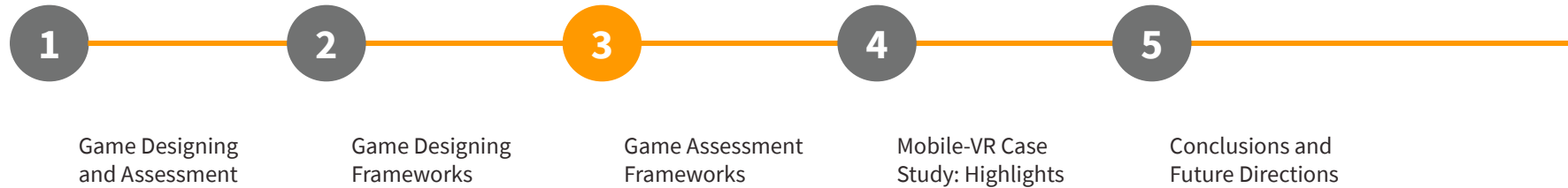
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- ❖ **Application-centered frameworks**: Game Object Models (GOM and GOM-II), Educational Games Design Framework (EGDF), Mechanics-Dynamics-Aesthetics (MDA) model, ...

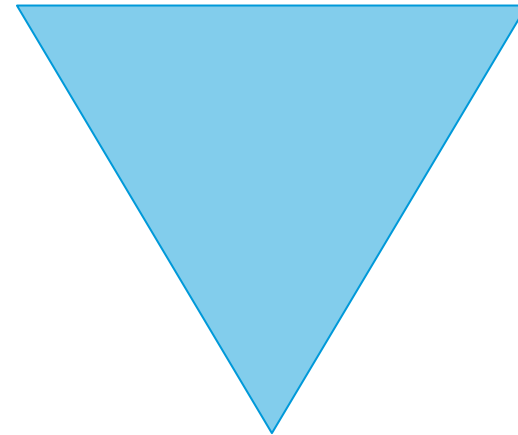
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# Assessment Triangle for Game Design [Pellegrino et al. 2001]

Observation

Interpretation



**Cognition**

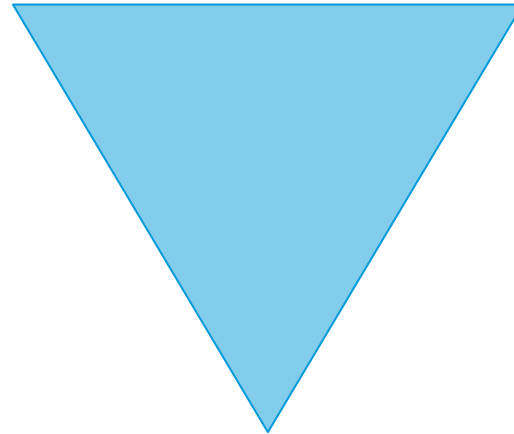
A model of *student learning and cognition* in the assessment domain

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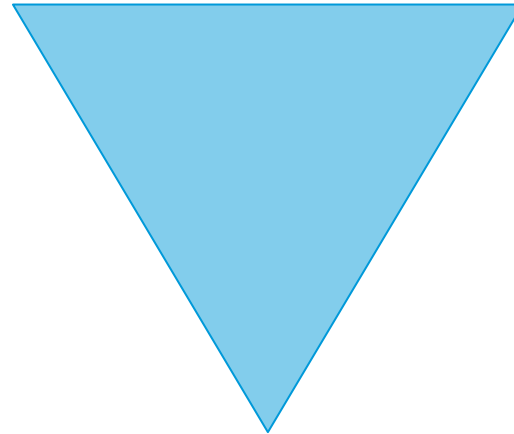
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The process of *understanding the evidence* with respect to assessment goals

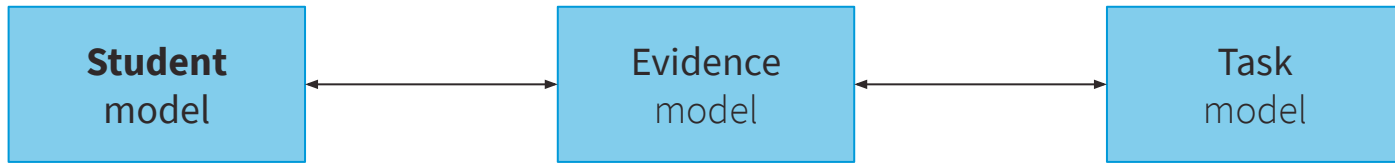
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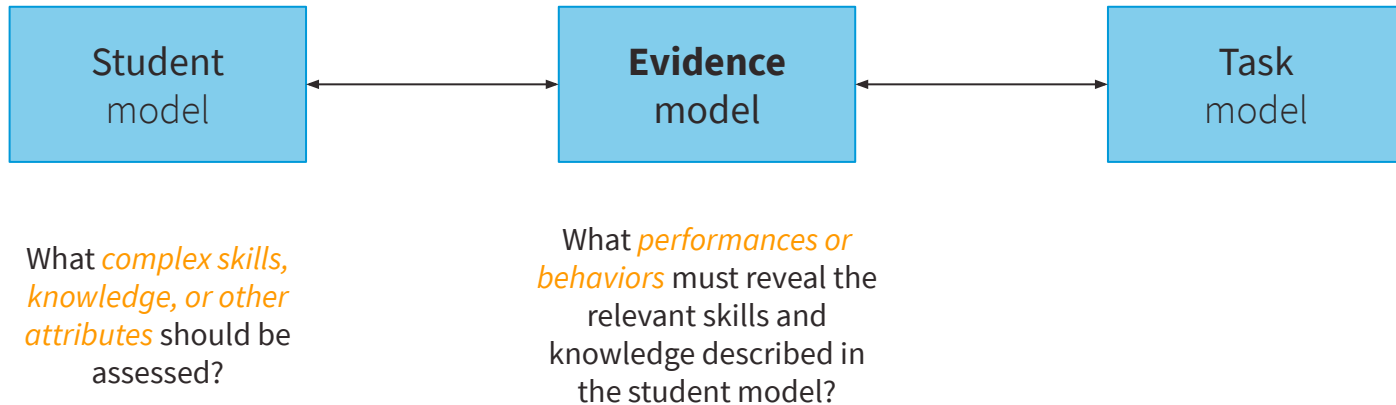
What *complex skills, knowledge, or other attributes* should be assessed?

**Circuit:** Evidence model vs. assembly model between student model → task model



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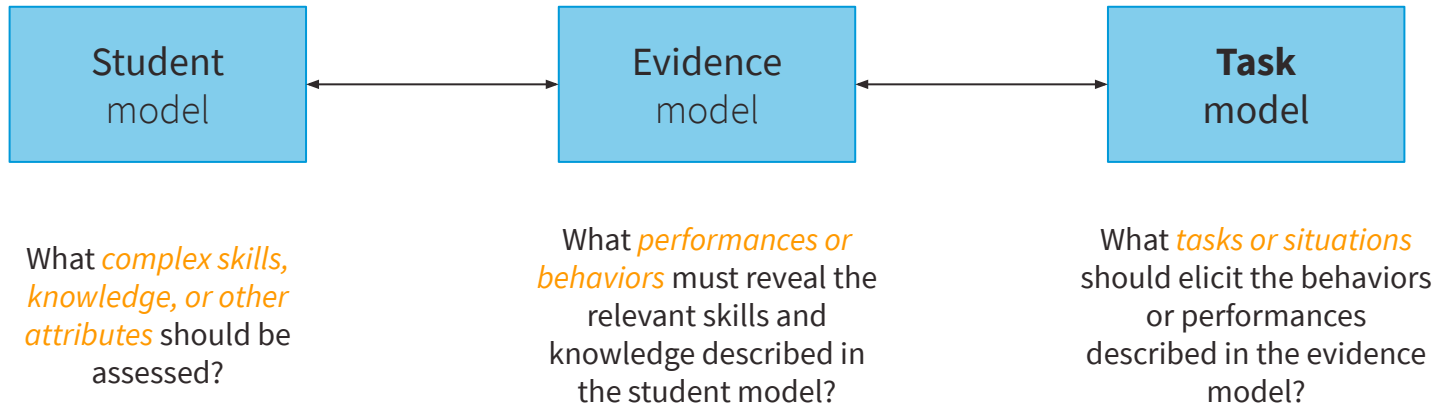
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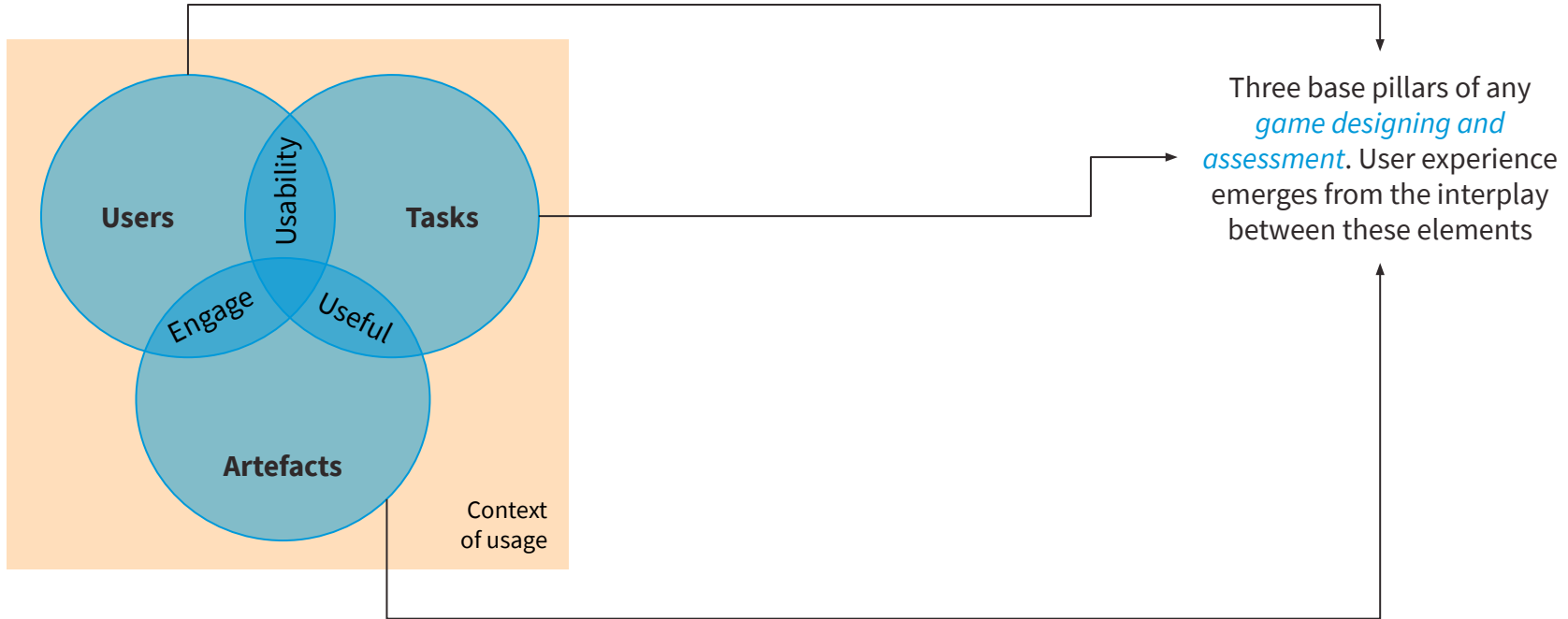
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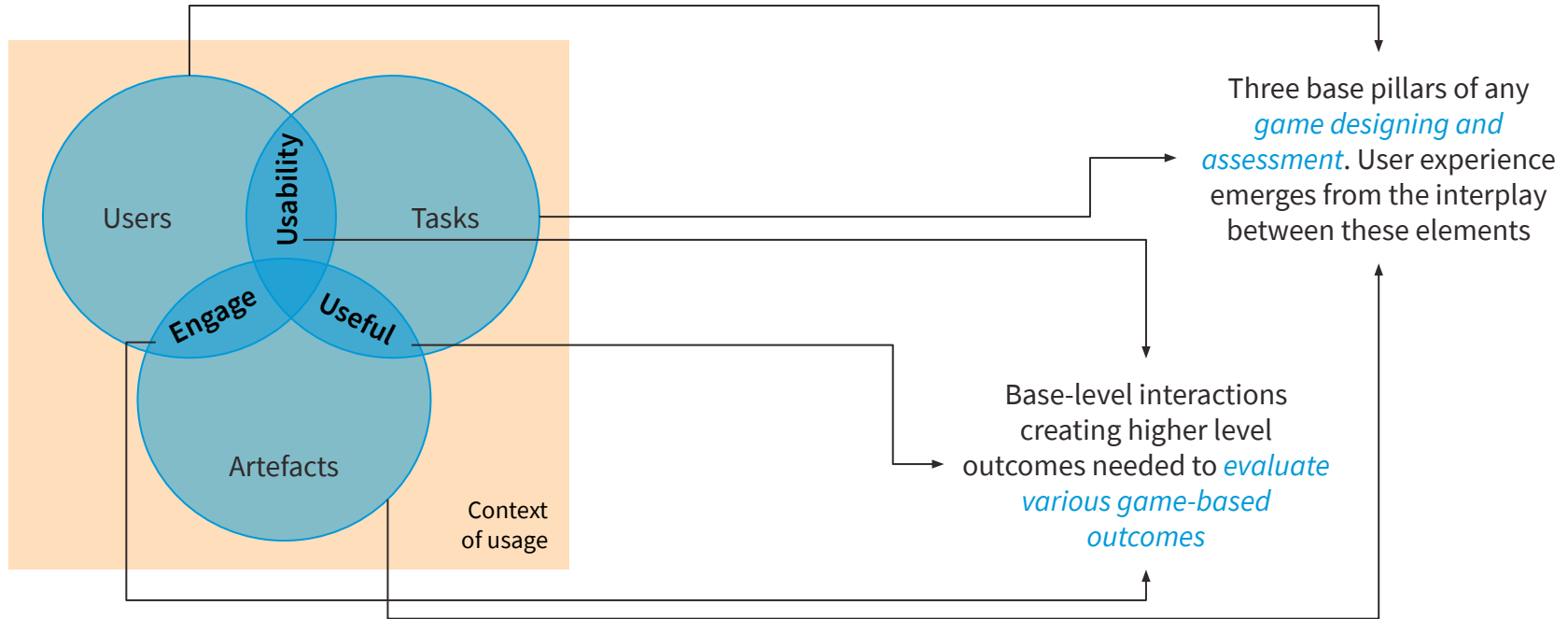
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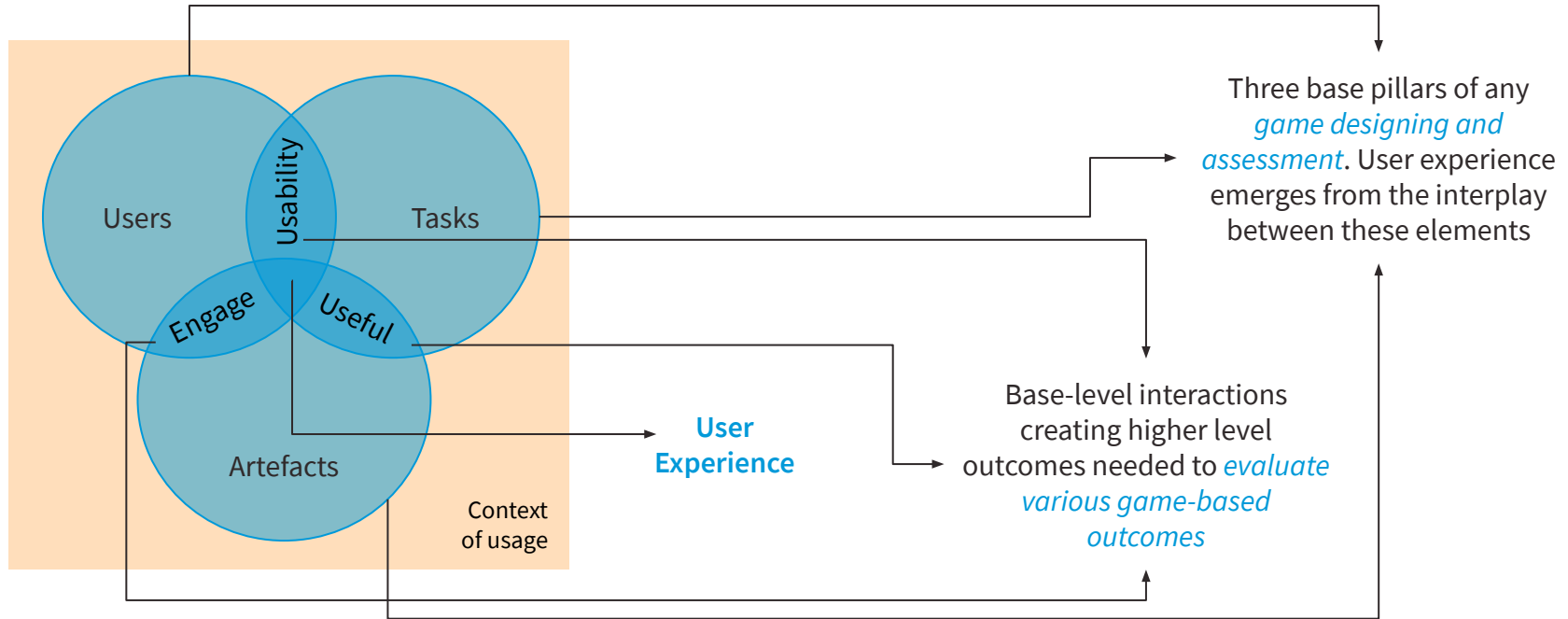
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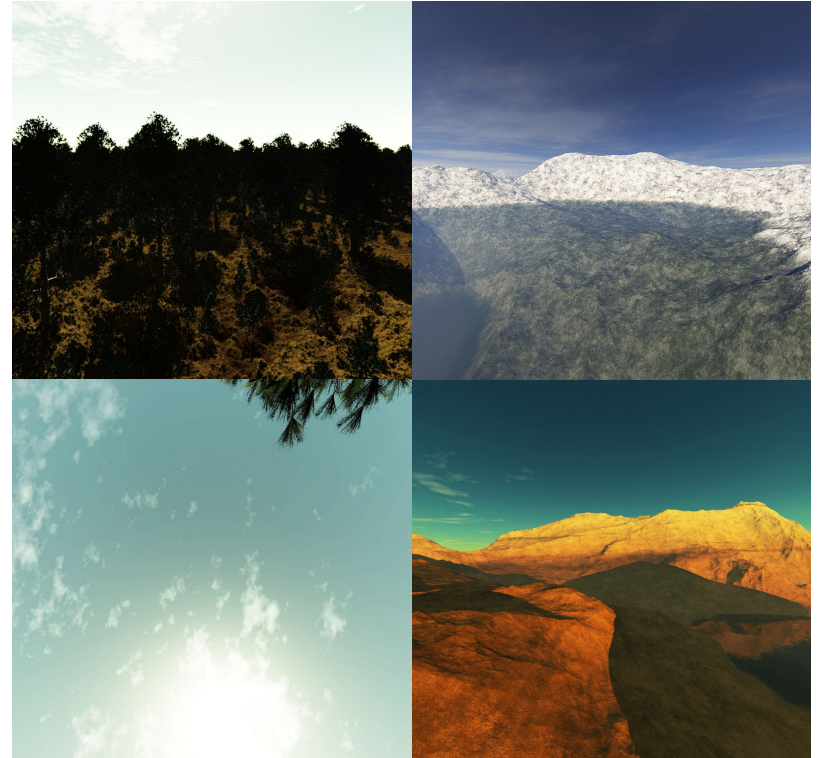
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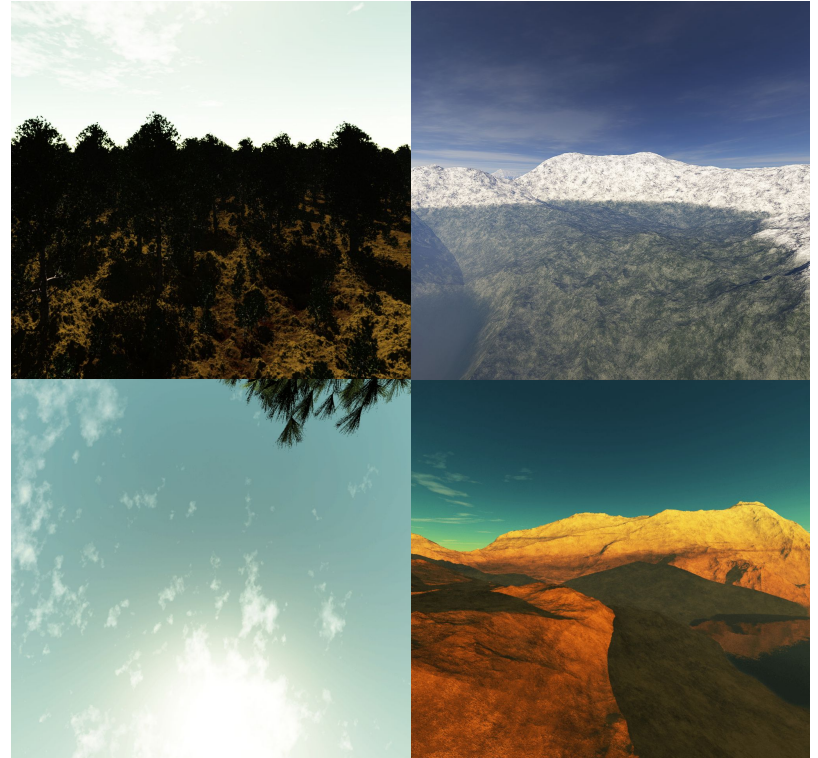
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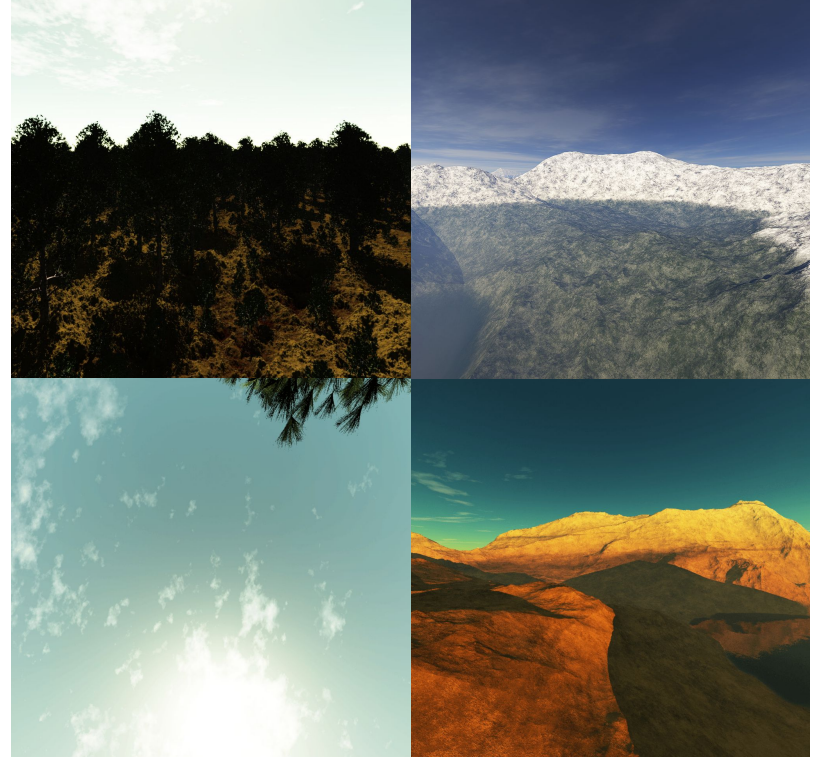


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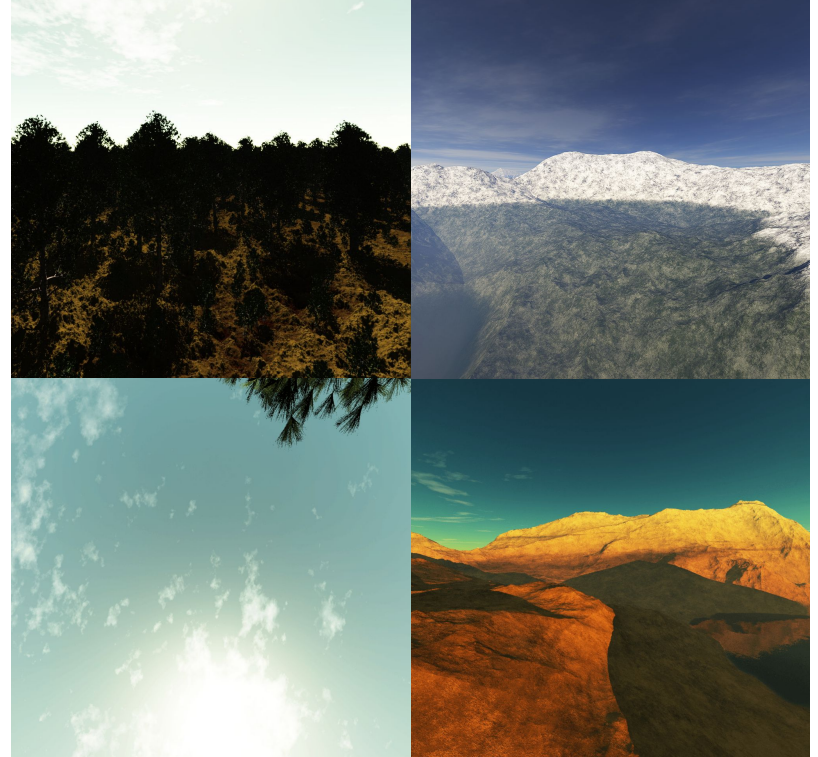
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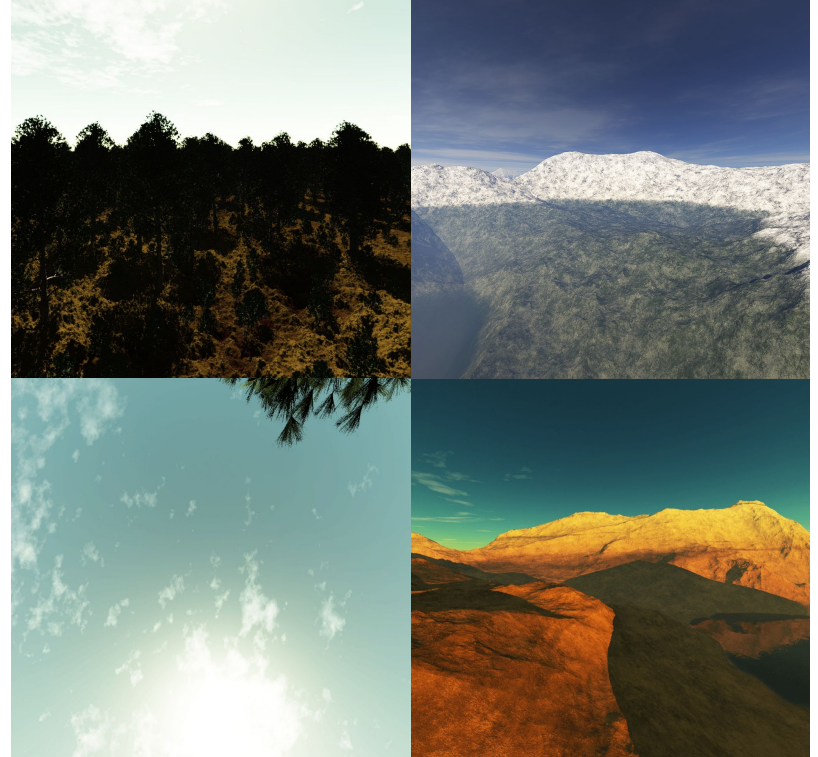
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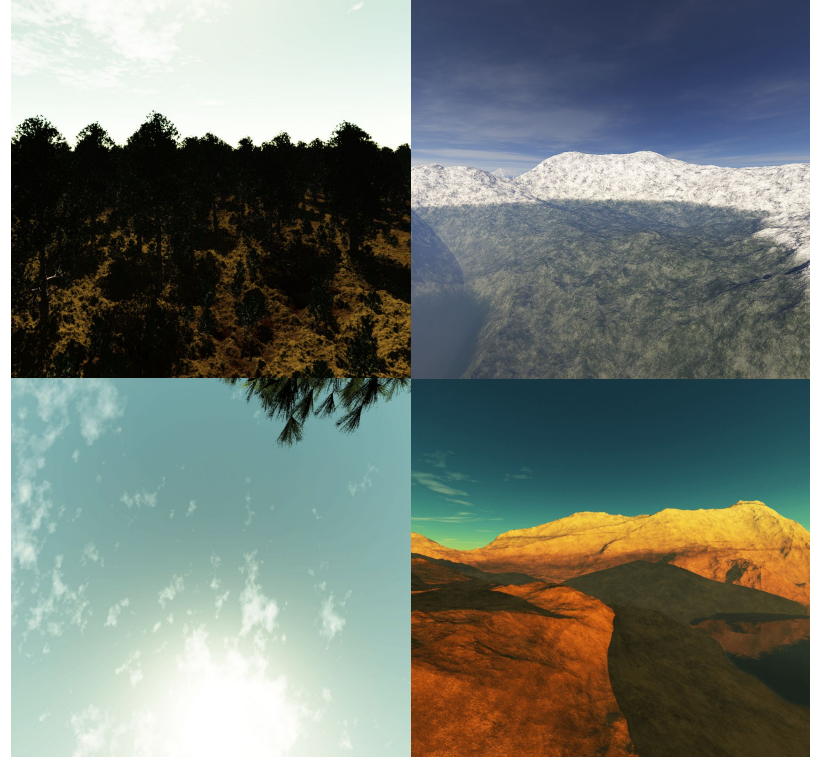
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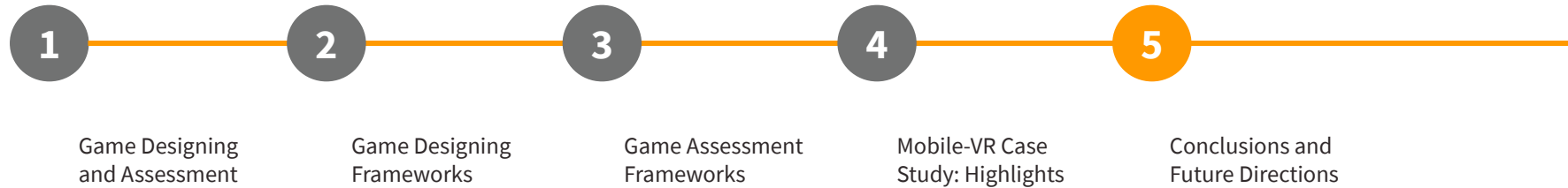
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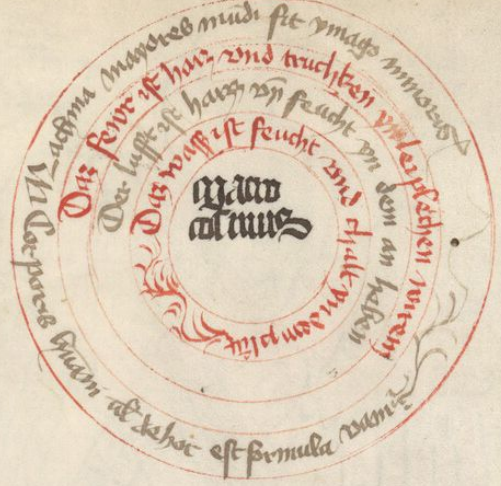
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- ❖ **One game in one assessment context** – is this sufficient to establish the credibility of the proposed system (framework and assessment)?

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# Further Reading

- [1] T. Gangavarapu, T.S. Ashwin, and G.R.M. Reddy. *Evaluating Affective and Cognitive Outcomes of a Mobile-VR Game-based Learning Approach for Basic Mathematics*. IEEE Transactions on Learning Technologies. 2020.
- [2] Pellegrino, James W., Louis V. DiBello, and Susan R. Goldman. *A framework for conceptualizing and evaluating the validity of instructionally relevant assessments*. Educational Psychologist 51.1: 59-81. 2016.
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- [6] A. Novotney, *Gaming to learn*. Monitor on Psychology, vol. 46, no. 4, p. 46, 2015.
- [7] Kiili, K., Lainema, T., de Freitas, S., and Arnab, S. *Flow framework for analyzing the quality of educational games*. Entertainment computing, 5(4), 367-377. 2014.

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